

the investigation of a case relating to the murder of late Shri Satyendra Dubey.

(d) During the course of investigation, certain newspaper adversely reported on suicide committed by two persons and on the non-availability of one eye-witness.

An NGO Parvatan, on the basis of newspaper reports filed a Writ Petition (Civil) No. 93 of 2004 in the Hon'ble Supreme court alleging that the events reported by the newspapers cast a shadow on CBI's investigation and sought for the appointment of Special Team investigation under the supervision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The matter is sub-judice.

Reservation to OBCs

190. SHRIMATI N.P. DURGA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether, it is a fact that in spite of providing 27 per cent reservation to OBCs, there are only 3.9 per cent of OBCs in Group "A" Services, 2.3. per cent in Group "B" Services, 5.2 per cent in Group "C" and 3.3. per cent in Group "D" Services,

(b) if so, the reasons for not recruiting the mandated 27 per cent of candidates belongs to OBCs; and

(c) what efforts Government are making to achieve the target of 27 per cent reservation as envisaged by Mandai Commission in all categories of employment?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRI SURESH PACHOURI): (a) As per information received from various Ministries/Departments, the proportion of OBCs in Group "A", Group "B", Group "C" and Group "D" posts/services as on 1.1.2004 was 3.9%, 2.3%, 5.2% and 3.3% respectively.

(b) Reservation for OBCs in services under the Government of India was introduced only in 1993.

(c) In order to ensure that vacancies reserved for OBCs are filled by OBCs, concessions like relaxation of 3 years in upper age limit are provided to OBC candidates in the case of direct recruitment. Moreover, there is a ban on dereservation of vacancies reserved for OBCs.